

Study Guide: Europe

Name: _____

Test date: _____

Reading (These are the sections we are studying for Europe. Review these.)

- 10.1 The United Kingdom, pp. 289-294
- 10.3 France pp. 300-304
- 10.4 Germany, Austria, Switzerland pp. 306-312
- 11.1 Spain and Portugal pp. 323-327
- 11.2 Italy pp. 330-334
- 11.3 Greece pp. 336-340
- 12.1 Norway, Finland, and Sweden pp. 344-351



Main ideas to know about Europe:

- Several related language families account for most of the languages spoken.
- Most people share one form of the Christian religion.
- Most countries are democratic.
- Most countries follow free market economies, and most people enjoy relatively high standards of living.

Map Skills/Labeling:

Countries to Label:

Portugal,	Spain,	France,	Italy,
Greece,	Switzerland,	Austria,	Germany,
Netherlands,	Poland,	United Kingdom,	Ireland,
Denmark,	Norway,	Finland,	Sweden
Czech Republic	Slovakia		

Physical features to label:

Mediterranean Sea,	Atlantic Ocean,	Adriatic Sea,
Alps (mountains),	Pyrenees (mountains),	Aegean Sea,
Baltic Sea	Rhine River	Danube River

Country capitals to label:

Madrid, Spain;	London, United Kingdom;	Paris, France;
Rome, Italy;	Berlin, Germany;	Vienna, Austria;

Warsaw, Poland;
Amsterdam, Netherlands;

Athens, Greece;

Dublin, Ireland;

Key concepts:

(Hint: See the reading review on the last page of each chapter for answers to many of these questions.)

- ❑ Why does the **United Kingdom** have a strong economy?
- ❑ What makes **France** a center of European culture?
- ❑ What are **Germany, Switzerland, and Austria** known for?
- ❑ Why does the economy of the eastern region of **Germany** lag behind the western region?
- ❑ How does **Austria's** economy make good use of its mountainous terrain?
- ❑ How are **Spain and Portugal** working toward building prosperous economies?
- ❑ How did the Renaissance develop in **Italy**?
- ❑ What is **Vatican City**, in what other city is it located, and why is it important?
- ❑ What does **Greece** rely upon to build its economy?
- ❑ In what areas (democracy and others) did **Ancient Greeks** lay the foundation for Western Civilization?
- ❑ What countries are included in the region of **Scandinavia**?
- ❑ What do the economies of **Norway, Sweden, and Finland** rely upon?
- ❑ Explain the **European Union**. Be able to name two ways it has changed Europe. Use your book and the handout we read and completed on currency in Europe.
- ❑ Be able to name at least **five landmarks** found in Europe and what country they are found in. Know at least five facts about the landmark that you researched, such as what the landmark is used for or what makes it unique.
- ❑ If you had to travel to Europe, what countries would you want to visit? What would you see when you are there?

Key words to know:

10.1 moor loch currency parliamentary democracy constitutional monarchy devolution	10.3 navigable republic	10.4 autobahn Holocaust communist state federal republic reunification infrastructure neutrality
11.1 plateau dry farming navigable colony parliamentary republic dialect	11.2 sirocco city-state Renaissance coalition government pope	11.3 mainland elevation suburb
12.1 fjord skerry emigrate welfare state heavy industry nationalism sauna		